# IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA Alexandria Division

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

v.

**UNDER SEAL** 

ADIAM BERHANE,

Case No. 1:21-CR-00027 (AJT)

Defendant.

### GOVERNMENT'S MOTION TO SEAL INDICTMENT PURSUANT TO LOCAL RULE 49(B)

The United States, by and through undersigned counsel, pursuant to Local Rule 49(B) of the Local Criminal Rules for the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Virginia, asks for an Order to Seal the indictment until the defendant is arrested.

#### I. REASONS FOR SEALING (Local Rule 49(B)(1))

- 1. The Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Arlington County Police Department are investigating the defendant, Adiam Berhane, for her involvement in a sophisticated credit card fraud scheme.
- 2. Premature disclosure of the charges against the defendant could jeopardize the government's ability to locate and arrest the defendant. Specifically, although the defendant is aware of the government's investigation, the defendant has a criminal history involving access to and use of false identification documents. Disclosure of the indictment prior to arrest may give the defendant an opportunity to flee.

#### II. REFERENCES TO GOVERNING CASE LAW (Local Rule 49(B)(2))

3. The Court has the inherent power to seal indictments. See United States v. Wuagneux, 683 F.2d 1343, 1351 (11th Cir. 1982); State of Arizona v. Maypenny, 672 F.2d 761,

765 (9th Cir. 1982); Times Mirror Company v. United States, 873 F.2d 1210 (9th Cir. 1989); see also Shea v. Gabriel, 520 F.2d 879 (1st Cir. 1975); United States v. Hubbard, 650 F.2d 293 (D.C. Cir. 1980); In re Braughton, 520 F.2d 765, 766 (9th Cir. 1975). "The trial court has supervisory power over its own records and may, in its discretion, seal documents if the public's right of access is outweighed by competing interests." In re Knight Pub. Co., 743 F.2d 231, 235 (4th Cir. 1984). Sealing the indictment is appropriate where there is a substantial probability that the release of the sealed documents would compromise the government's ongoing investigation severely. See e.g., In re Search Warrant for Secretarial Area Outside Office of Gunn, 855 F.2d 569, 574 (8th Cir. 1988); Matter of Eye Care Physicians of America, 100 F.3d 514, 518 (7th Cir. 1996); Matter of Flower Aviation of Kansas, Inc., 789 F.Supp. 366 (D. Kan. 1992).

## III. PERIOD OF TIME GOVERNMENT SEEKS TO HAVE MATTER REMAIN UNDER SEAL (Local Rule 49(B)(3))

- 4. The indictment would need to remain sealed until the occurrence of the condition in paragraph 2, that is, until the defendant is arrested.
- 5. Upon occurrence of the arrest of the defendant, pursuant to Local Rule 49(B)(3), the sealed materials will be automatically unsealed and handled as such.
- 6. The United States has considered alternatives less drastic than sealing and has found none that would suffice to protect this investigation. The United States will move to unseal the documents before they are set to become automatically unsealed if it determines that circumstances warrant such action.

WHEREFORE, the United States respectfully requests that the indictment and this Motion to Seal and proposed Order be sealed until the defendant is arrested.

Respectfully submitted,

Raj Parekh

Acting United States Attorney

By:

Monika Moore Jonathan S. Keim

Assistant United States Attorneys